Department of Energy

(1) National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/

code_of_federal_regulations/

ibr_locations.html

(2) U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 1M-048 (Resource Room of the Federal Energy Management Program), 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20585-0121, (202) 586-9138, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

(d) Obtaining copies of standards. The building energy performance standard incorporated by reference may be obtained from the following source: the International Code Council, 4051 West Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, IL 60478–5795, http://www.iccsafe.org/e/

category.html

§ 435.4 Energy efficiency performance standard.

(a) All Federal agencies shall design new Federal low-rise residential buildings, for which design for construction began on or after January 3, 2007, to:

(1) Meet ICC International Energy Conservation Code, 2004 Supplement Edition, January 2005 (incorporated by ref-

erence, see §435.3), and

(2) If life-cycle cost-effective, achieve energy consumption levels, calculated consistent with paragraph (b) of this section, that are at least 30 percent below the levels of the baseline building.

(b) Energy consumption for the purposes of calculating the 30 percent savings shall include space heating, space cooling, and domestic water heating.

(c) If a 30 percent reduction is not life-cycle cost-effective, the design of the proposed building shall be modified so as to achieve an energy consumption level at the maximum level of energy efficiency that is life-cycle cost-effective, but at a minimum complies with paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 435.5 Performance level determination.

Each Federal agency shall determine energy consumption levels for both the baseline building and proposed building by using the Simulated Performance Alternative found in section 404 of the ICC International Energy Conservation Code, 2004 Supplement Edition, January 2005 (incorporated by reference, see § 435.3).

§ 435.6 Sustainable principles for siting, design and construction. [Reserved]

§ 435.7 Water used to achieve energy efficiency. [Reserved]

§ 435.8 Life-cycle costing.

Each Federal agency shall determine life-cycle cost-effectiveness by using the procedures set out in subpart A of 10 CFR part 436. A Federal agency may choose to use any of four methods, including lower life-cycle costs, positive net savings, savings-to-investment ratio that is estimated to be greater than one, and an adjusted internal rate of return that is estimated to be greater than the discount rate as listed in OMB Circular Number A-94 "Guidelines and Discount Rates for Benefit-Cost Analysis of Federal Programs."

Subpart B—Voluntary Performance Standards for New Non-Federal Residential Buildings [Reserved]

Subpart C—Mandatory Performance Standards for New Federal Residential Buildings

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 71 FR 70284, Dec. 4, 2006, the heading of subpart C was revised, effective Jan. 3, 2007. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

Subpart C—Mandatory Energy Efficiency Standards for Federal Residential Buildings

§435.300 Purpose.

(a) This subpart establishes voluntary energy conservation performance standards for new residential buildings. The voluntary energy conservation performance standards are designed to achieve the maximum